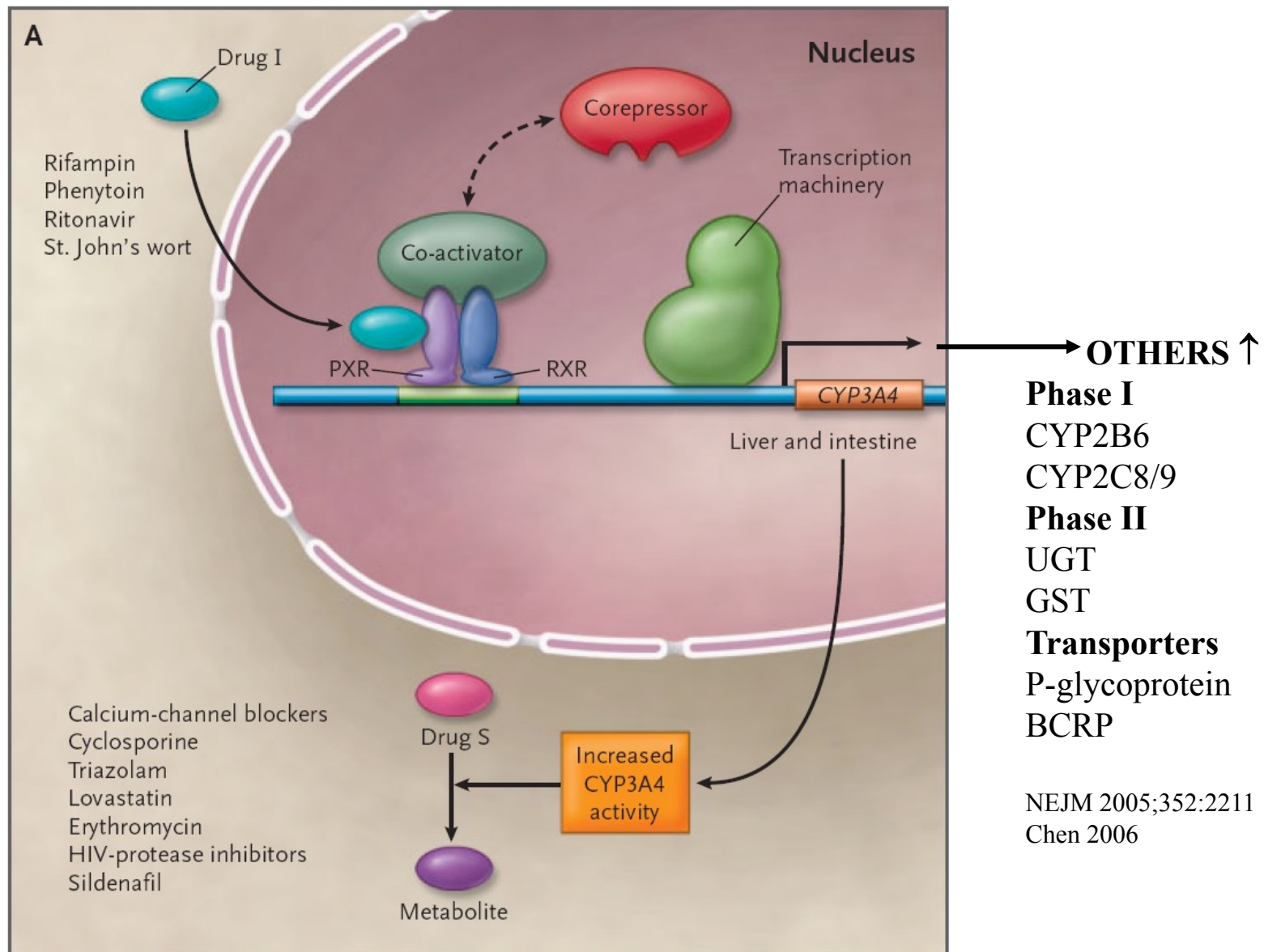


Drug-drug interactions ART & TB treatment

Gary Maartens



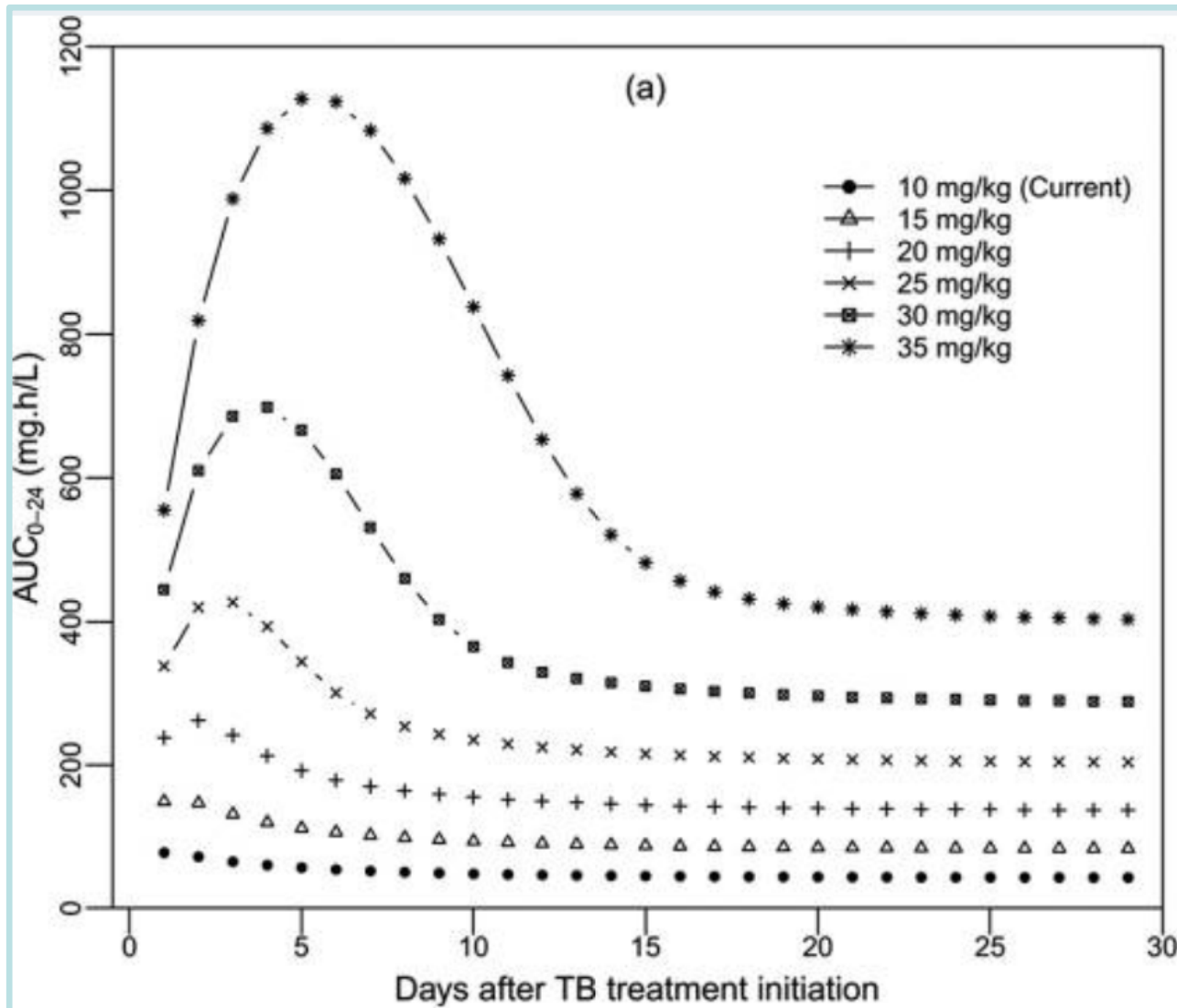
PXR-RXR mechanism of enzyme induction



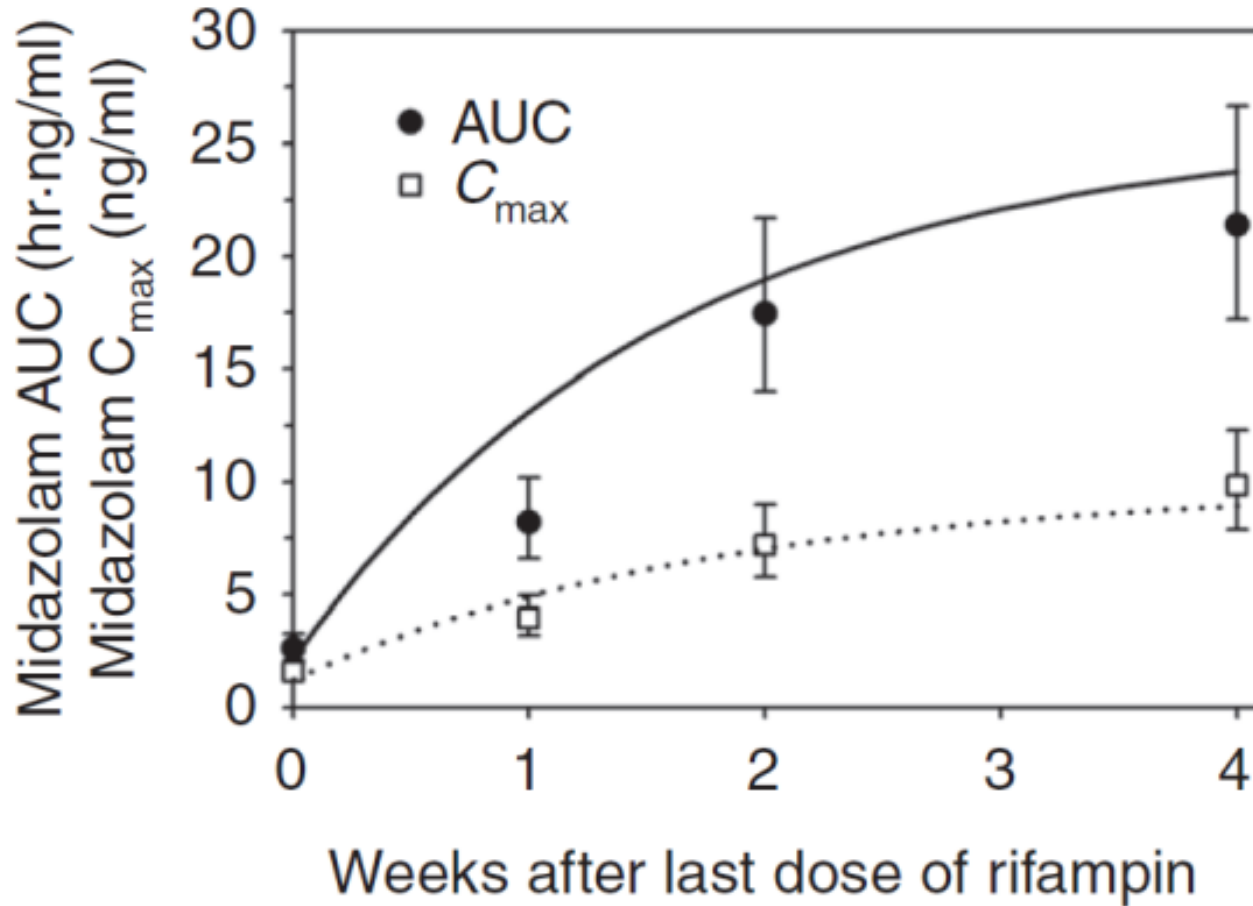
Rifampicin induction

Enzyme/transporter	ARV substrate
CYP3A4 (55.1-fold) CYP2B6 (8.8-fold)	PIs, NVP EFV, NVP
P glycoprotein	PIs
UGT1A1	Raltegravir Dolutegravir

Time course of rifampicin autoinduction



Time course of rifampicin induction waning



TB Rx effect on EFV PK

Studies in patients with TB show no significant effect on EFV concentrations:

- Spain
- South African adults (2 studies) & children
- India
- STRIDE study

Package insert says AUC reduced 26% & recommends increase dose to 800 mg

- 12 healthy volunteers, only rifampicin, before maximal EFV autoinduction
- FDA recently reinforced this

Clin Pharmacokinet 2002;41:681

JAC 2006;58:1299

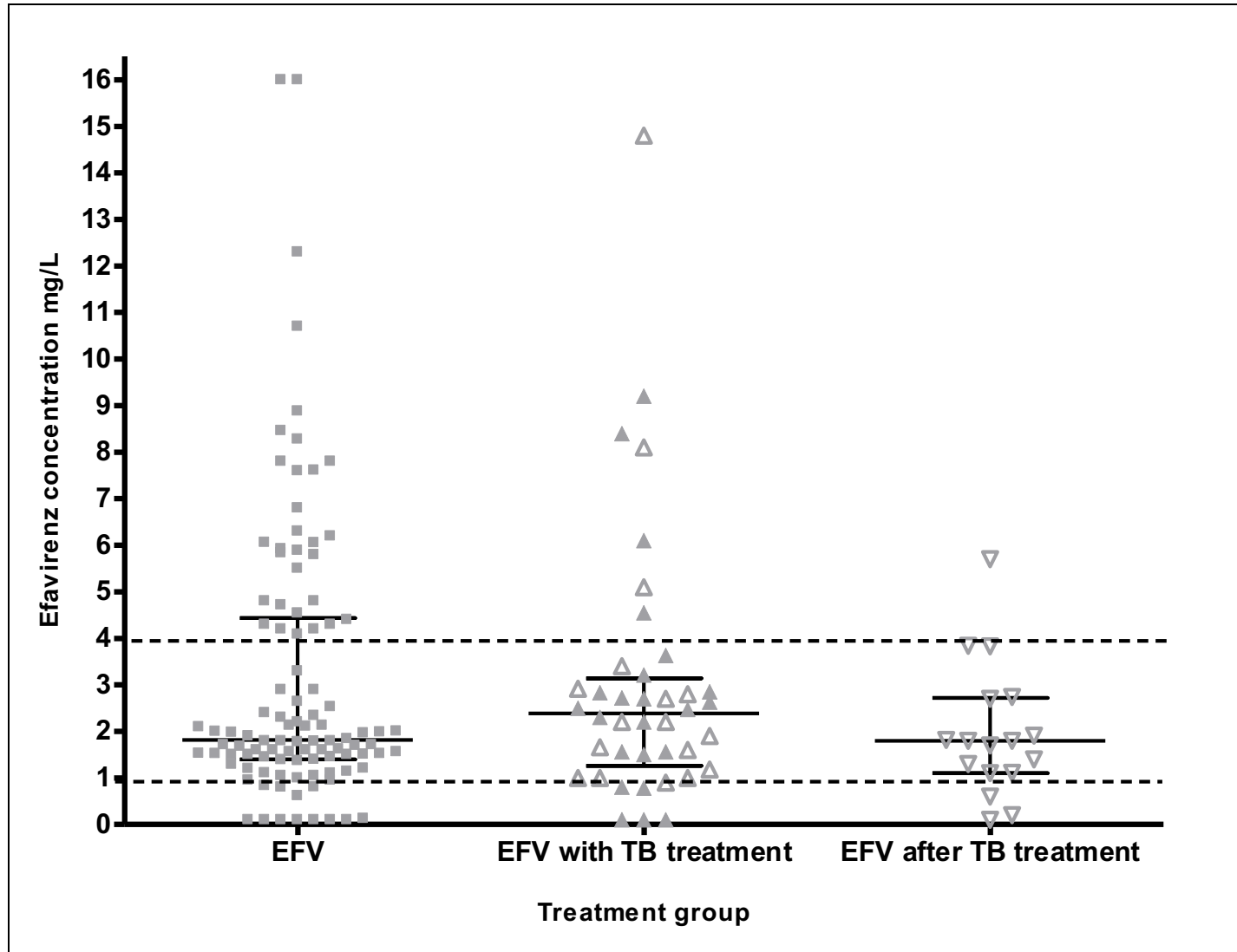
Antivir Ther 2009;14:687

JAIDS 2009;50:439

AAC 2009;53:863

Clin Infect Dis. 2013;57(4):586

Impact of rifampicin on efavirenz



PHARMACOKINETICS AND DISPOSITION

The influence of tuberculosis treatment on efavirenz clearance in patients co-infected with HIV and tuberculosis

Tanuja N. Gengiah • Nicholas H. G. Holford •
Julia H. Botha • Andrew L. Gray • Kogieleum Naidoo •
Salim S. Abdool Karim

“Unexpectedly, concomitant rifampicin-containing tuberculosis treatment reduced apparent EFV clearance with a corresponding increase in EFV exposure.”

EFV increases during TB Rx: pharmacogenomics

UCT PK study in children

- Genetic slow metabolisers in 20%
- EFV concentrations increased 49% on TB Rx in slow metabolisers
- Likely due to inhibition by INH of CYP2A6

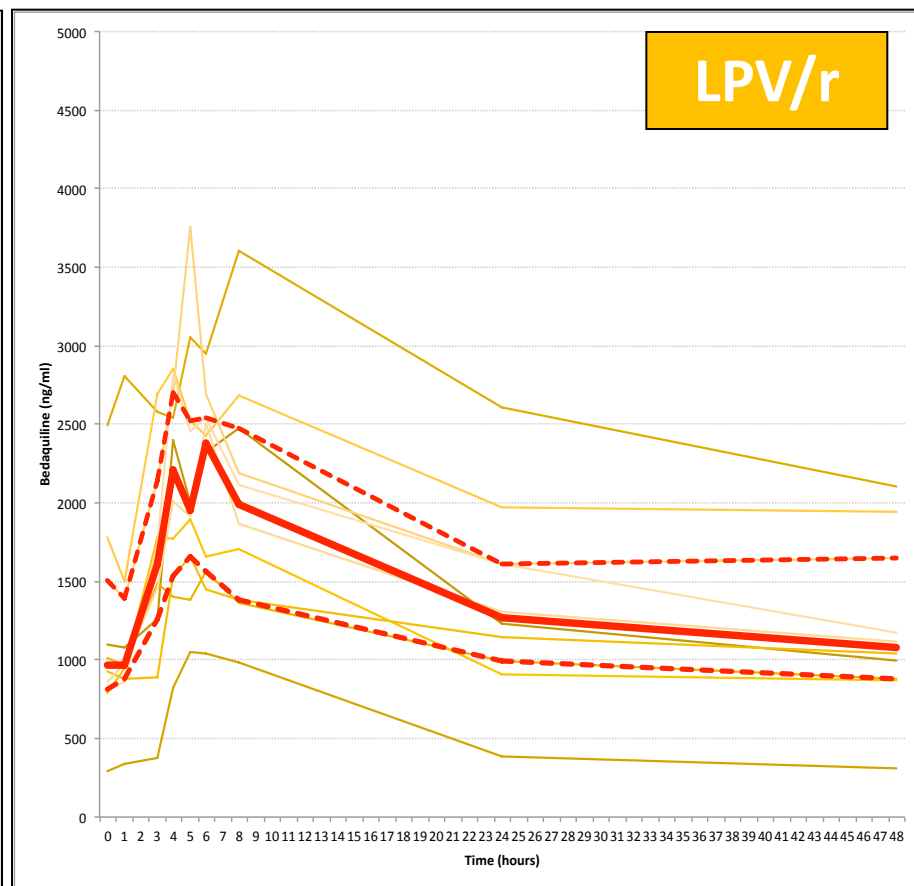
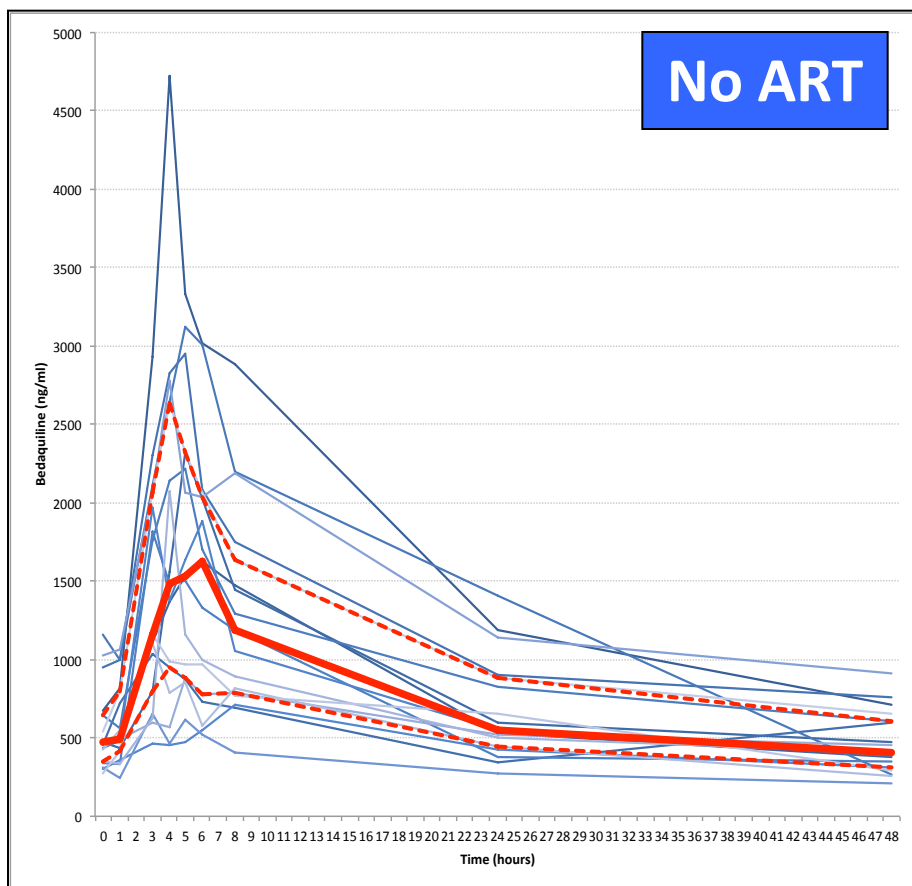
STRIDE (ART @ 2 vs 8 weeks) substudy

- EFV concentrations increased 58% on TB Rx in slow metabolisers
- Exacerbated in NAT2 slow metabolisers

Bedaquiline

- Substrate of CYP3A4
- Lopinavir/r potent inhibitor CYP3A4
- Company did single dose drug-drug interaction study in healthy volunteers & concluded no significant effect
- Terminal half-life 5.5 months, so single dose studies misleading (pop-PK model estimated major interaction)

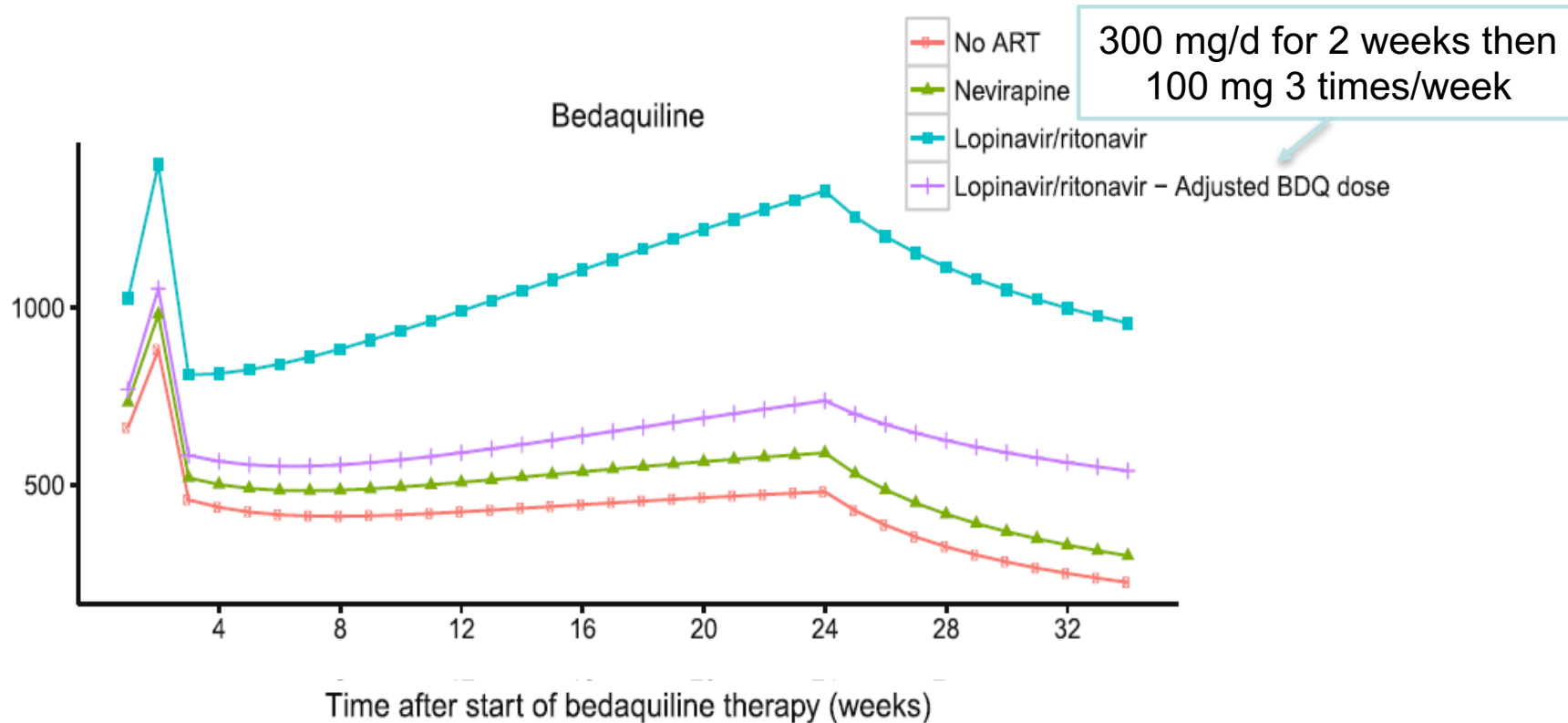
Bedaquiline	no ART	on LPV/r
Median C _{max} in µg/ml (IQR)	1.97 (1.10–2.64)	2.49 (1.66 – 2.85) p=0.228
Median AUC ₄₈ in µg.hr/ml (IQR)	34.73 (27.47–52.83)	69.47 (54.68–88.26) p=0.005



UCT Bedaquiline-LPV/r DDI study

- BDQ AUC increased 62% by LPV/r
- Participants sampled at different durations on BDQ
- Non-compartmental PK analysis unable to deal with this time effect
- Collaboration with group that developed the pop-PK model

Model using UCT data of BDQ concentrations with nevirapine & LPV/r



Confirmed model-predicted effects

Acknowledgements

Helen McIlleron design & analysis of DDI studies

Mishal Pandie did BDQ-ARV DDI study